## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (currently amended): A glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer comprising at least two resins, which together yield a photo-hardenable mixture, and at least one photoinitiator, whereineharacterised in that one of the at least two resins comprises a bisphenol A based epoxy resin, diluted in a UV hardening monomer, and an other of the at least two one other resins comprises a resin which comprises free functional amino, hydroxy, epoxy, acid, acid anhydride and/or acrylate groups.
- (currently amended): <u>The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer of according to claim 1, wherein-characterised in that the bisphenol A based epoxy resin exhibits a weight average molecular weight in the range of substantially from 800 to 1500.</u>
- 3. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer of according to claim 1-or claim 2, whereincharacterised in that the at least one other resin comprises a melamine acrylate, an acid-modified polyester acrylate, and/or an epoxy acrylate, or a combination thereof.
- 4. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[-to-3]], whereincharacterised in that the epoxy resin is used in a quantity of 1 to 90 wt.%, preferably of 5 to 20 wt.% and in particular of 11 to 14 wt.% dry weight, relative to the weight of the glass printing ink or of the glass printing lacquer.
- 5. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[to 4]], whereincharacterised in that the at least one other of the at least two resins is used in a quantity of 5 to 90 wt.%, preferably of 5 to 40 wt.% and in

particular of 10 to 30 wt.% dry weight, relative to the weight of the glass printing ink or of the glass printing lacquer.

- 6. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[to 5]], whereincharacterised in that the at least one photoinitiator[[(s)]] is[[/are]] present in a total quantity of 1 to 12 wt.%, in particular of 3 to 7 wt.%, relative to the weight of the glass printing ink or of the glass printing lacquer.
- 7. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[-to-6]], whereincharacterised in that the UV hardening monomer is hexanediol diacrylate.
- 8. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[to 7]], characterised in that it further comprising contains a UV hardening reactive diluent other than the UV hardening monomer.
- 9. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[-to-8]], characterised in that it further comprising contains a stabiliser.
- 10. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[-to 9]], characterised in that it further comprising contains a cointiator.
- 11. (currently amended): The A-glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer-according to any one of claim[[s]] 1[[-to-10]], further comprising characterised in that it contains one or more pigments or dyes in a quantity of 0.5 to 50 wt.%, relative to the total weight of the ink.
- 12. (currently amended): For the glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer of claim 1, a method comprising utilizing the glass printing ink or glass printing lacquer and Use of a

glass printing ink or of a glass printing lacquer according to any one of claims 1 to 11-for printing a glass or <u>a at least</u> superficially vitreous substrate.

- 13. (currently amended): The method of Use according to claim 12, wherein characterised in that the glass or superficially vitreous substrate includes is selected from among glass, ceramics, [fand] tiles, or a combination thereof.
- 14. (currently amended): The method of claim 12A method for printing a glass or at least superficially vitreous substrate with a glass printing ink or a glass printing lacquer according to any one of claims 1 to 11, further comprising the steps of:
  - [[a)]] pretreating the glass or superficially vitreous substrate;
  - [[b)]] mixing printing the glass or vitreous substrate with a glass printing ink or a glass printing lacquer according to any one of claims 1 to 11, wherein a coupling agent is mixed into the glass printing ink or the glass printing lacquer before printing;[[,]] and,
  - f(e)) hardening the glass printing ink or the glass printing lacquer with UV radiation;
    wherein no subsequent heat treatment is performed.
- 15. (currently amended): The method of claim 12A method for printing a glass or at least superficially vitreous substrate with a glass printing ink or a glass printing lacquer according to any one of claims 1 to 11, further comprising the steps:
  - [[(a)]] printing the glass or vitreous substrate with the glass printing ink or the glass printing lacquer without using a coupling agent; and,
  - [[(e)]] hardening the glass printing ink or the glass printing lacquer with UV radiation.; and optionally
  - (d) thermally post-treating the printed glass or vitreous substrate at a temperature of 130°C to 170 °C for 20 to 40 minutes.

16. (new): The method of claim 15, further including thermally post-treating the printed glass or vitreous substrate at a temperature of approximately 130°C to 170°C for approximately 20 to 40 minutes.